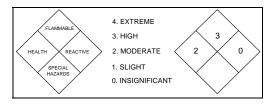
## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET ROOFING PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL, INC.

MSDS 312 ROYAL EDGE TPO CUT EDGE SEALANT



	SECTION 1 – PROD	UCT IDENTIFICAT	TION		
Product Name:		24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number:			
Royal Edge TPO Cut Edge Sealant Chemical Name/Synonyms: N/A			800-424-9300 CHEMTREC		
		Manufacturer's Name:Roofing Products International, Inc.Manufacturer's Address:57460 Dewitt St., Elkhart, IN 46517-1078			
					Chemical Family: Mixture
Chemical Formula:					NFPA Acute
Not Established		Health 2, Flammability 3, Reactivity 0			
			HMIS Acute Hazard Rating: Health 2, Flammability 3, Reactivity 0		
			ammability 3, Reactivit	ty 0	
SECT	ION 2 – CHEMICAL CO	OMPOSITION			
Ingredient Components (chemical names)	Case No.	% by Weight	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	
Xylene	1330-20-7	10-30	100 ppm	100 ppm	
Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	5-10	100 ppm	100 ppm	
Toluene	108-88-3	0.1-1	200 ppm (300ppm ceiling)	20 ppm	
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	10-30	500 ppm	100 ppm	
SECTION	N 3 – PHYSICAL & CHE	MICAL CHARACT	TERISTICS		
Appearance/Odor:	Physical State:		Solubility in Water:		
Thin clear liquid, aliphatic odor	Liquid		N/A		
Boiling Point:	Specific Gravity (HO	=1)	Melting Point:		
212°F	0.7 (Water=1)		N/A		
Vapor Pressure:	Vapor Density (Air=1	1)	Freezing Point:		
N/A	Heavier than air		Not Established		
Percent Volatiles:	Evaporation Rate:		Reactivity in Water:		
55 %	Slower than diethyl	ether	Not Established		
pH (Full Strength)	Percent Solids (by we	eight):	VOC:		
N/A	15%		464 grams/liter		

**312 Royal Edge TPO Cut Edge Sealant** 1/4 March 21, 2007

SECTION 4- FIRE & EXP	LOSION HAZARD DATA
Flash Point: <b>79° F TCC</b> Extinguishing Media: <b>NFPA Class B fire extinguishers. Dry chemical, carbon dioxide,</b> water fog or foam. Water should be used to keep fire exposed   containers cool. Polymer foam recommended for large fires.	Flammable Limits (in air): LEL: N/A ; UEL: NA Fire Fighting Procedures: Use water spray to cool adjacent surfaces and fire exposed containers. Protect against inhalation of combustion products. Treat as "Class B" fire. Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self-
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	contained breathing apparatus to prevent inhalation of smoke and decomposition products. Toxic fumes and vapors may be involved. Special Fire & Explosion Hazards:
Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, acrid smoke and irritating fumes.	Flammable liquid. Vapors are heavier than air and can flow along surfaces to ignition sources and flash-back. Keep work areas free from open flames, sparks, hot metal surfaces and other sources of ignition. Ground objects prone to static electricity.
Method Used: Estimate based on the flash point of the most volatile component.	Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not Established
SECTION- 5 HEALT	TH HAZARD DATA
Permissible Exposure Limit: Not Established Effects of Overexposure: Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure. Toxic fumes may be released during fire. Exposure to fumes may aggravate pre-existing eye, lung, and skin conditions.	Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Eye contact may cause severe eye irritation, redness, tearing and blurred vision. Prolonged skin contact may cause irritation, dermatitis and drying of the skin. Other symptoms are dizziness, nausea or vomiting. Sensitive individuals may exhibit eye, nose, throat or dermal irritation with prolonged exposure to processing fumes or vapors. Inhalation may cause repiratory system irritation and central nervous system depression (Narcosis) fatigue.
Acute: Irritation to eyes, lungs, and mucous membranes Chronic: Excess exposure can cause CNS depression, headache, nausea, narcosis, and liver and kidney damage.	Chemical Listed as a Carcinogen (or Potential Carcinogen):National Toxicology Program:NOI.A.R.C. Monographs:Ethyl Benzene (CAS 100-41-4)OSHA:Ethyl Benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Emergency & First Aid Procedures: Eye Contact: Hold eyes open and flush immediately with a gentle stream of wat Call physician Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and immediately and wash affecte if irritation persists. Inhalation: Remove to fresh uncontaminated air. Administer oxygen or artific Ingestion: Consult a Physician. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING Primary Route of Entry: Inhalation, skin absorption.	d area with soap and water. Rinse thoroughly. Call a physician

SECTION 6 – REACTIVITY DATA					
Stability:	Incompatibility:				
Stable at ambient temperatures and pressures	Strong oxidizers, acids, bases.				
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Hazardous Polymerization:				
Partial combustion may release toxic gases or vapors, such as					
carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.	Will not occur.				
Conditions to Avoid: Temperatures in excess of 115°F. Open flames, sparks, and closed areas that restrict adequate ventilation.					
SECTION 7 - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES					
Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled:   Small spill:   Shut off and eliminate all ignition sources. Recover released product using inert materials such as sand, earth, or other suitable   materials. Minimize skin contact. Use non-sparking tools. Ventilate confined spaces. Keep product clear of sewers, water, or   extensive land areas. Assure conformity with applicable government regulations. Transfer into secure containers for proper   disposal. Avoid static electricity build-up by grounding a fixed equipment and transfer containers. Use personal protective   equipment as outlined below.   Large Spill:   Same as small spill.   Waste Disposal Method:   Dispose of as a hazardous waste in accordance with EPA/RCRA regulations 40CFR261 21: Ignitability					
SECTION 8 – SPEC	IAL PROTECTION				
Respiratory Protection:	Eye Protection:				
In areas with inadequate ventilation, the use of a NIOSH-					
Certified respiratory protection for organic vapor is	Impervious glasses recommended				
recommended.					
Protective Gloves:	Other Protective Equipment:				
Polyvinyl alcohol, nitrile rubber, or neoprene gloves are	Under normal application conditions, protective glasses, gloves,				
recommended to prevent skin contact.	and clothing are adequate.				
Ventilation: <b>Provide adequate ventilation to maintain airborne concentrations</b>	bolow OSHA DEL s				

## SECTION 9 - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS OR OTHER COMMENTS

Storage/Handling:

Store in cool, dry, well ventilated facility. Store and use away from all sources of sparks, direct heat and ignition. Keep containers closed when not in use. Vapors of this material are heavier than air and will collect in low or confined areas. Empty containers can contain explosive vapors. Bond and ground all fixed and transfer equipment.

Other Precautions:

Provide adequate ventilation and avoid prolonged or repeated contact with the skin. Wash with soap and water after contact.

Work/Hygienic Practices:

Maintain good personal hygiene practices. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in work areas. Wash exposed skin before eating, drinking, smoking, or applying cosmetics.

SECTION 10 - TRANSPORTATION			
Regulatory Agency:	DOT Identification Number:		
U.S.A., DOT, IMO	UN1133		
DOT Proper Shipping Name:	DOT Labels Required:		
Adhesive	Flammable Liquid		
DOT Hazard Classification:	DOT Packing Group:		
3	III		
EPA SARA reportable ingredients: Ethyl Benzene	e (CAS 100-41-4), Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		

DOT reportable quantity: Xylene (CAS 330-20-7) -100 lbs. Ethyl Benzene (CAS 100-41-4)-1000 lbs.

## SECTION 11 – MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

Additional Comments:

NA

Date of Previous MSDS: August 2000

Changes Since Previous MSDS: Comment change in sections: 1 thru 9 Add sections: 10,11

Telephone Number for Additional Information: (574) 293-9096

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